Numb. 142.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Thurſday, July 29. to Thurſday, Auguſt 5. 1731.

From the Weekly Journal.

SIR,

IF you will pleaſe to give the following *Experiment* a Place in your Paper, however mean it may be to ſome, it may give entertaining Reflections to the humble *Enquirers* into the *Works of Nature*, and be of general Service, as it may be a happy Means very much to prevent one of the moſt grievous Afflictions, which that excellent Creature, and one of the moſt uſeful Servants to Men, the *Horſe*, is liable to, and which very often proves mortal: For the Sake of the publick Good, I now expoſe it.

Yours, &c.

AMONG other Obſervations of the wonderful *Inſtinct* of *Animals*, wherein not a little of the Care and Wiſdom of the Great Creator and Governor of the World appears, in their Sagacity for the Preſervation of themſelves and Propagation of their Species; I have many times wondred at *that* of a certain large *Fly* or *Bee* (as ſome call it) their laying a little *yellow Nit* upon Horſes Legs or Bodies in ſeveral Parts; not being able to conceive for what Purpoſe they ſhould lay them there, (where I did not ſuppoſe they could have their Nouriſhment) or how they came to their Perfection. But having made ſeveral Experiments of the Tranſmutation of *Worms* of *various Sorts* into *Flys*, *Moths*, *Butterflies*, *Buggs*, &c. and of their Eggs or Nits producing like Worms which they themſelves were changed from; I thought it probable that *thoſe Nits* became *Worms*, and they again when they come to their full growth, were metamorphoſed into the like *Flies* that laid them.

And upon ſeeing a *Bot* drop from a Horſe about as big as the End of a ſmall Finger, of fleſh Colour, (it was the latter End of laſt *Auguſt*) I immediately took it up, and with ſome Dirt whelm'd it under a Coffee-cup, and in a few Days after, looking under the Cup, I found that the outer Skin was become a *hard*, *callous*, *dark Coat*, (like what I had in a former Experiment obſerved of the *Grub-Worms* in *Cattle's Backs*, very much like a Bot, which alſo turn to *Flies*, but of a different Sort). And ſome time after turning up the Cup, I found there had eat or broke it's Way and come out of one End of this Cover, a *yellow Fly* of the ſame Kind with thoſe which lay the Nits upon the Horſes. This I have ſhown to ſeveral Gentlemen, who can be my Witneſſes for the Fact, and if any Scruple it, they may now ſee, if they pleaſe, both the *Fly* and the Scarf-skin of the *Bot* out of which it came.

I now reckoned I had a plain *Demonſtration* before me, and needed no other Proof, That thoſe *Nits* become *Bots*; or that out of thoſe Nits or Eggs comes a very ſmall Worm; as I could afterwards obſerve, a Hole eat thro' one End of the Shell of thoſe Nits that were hatched. And thoſe very ſmall Worms I ſuppoſe find their way thro' the larger Pores of the Skin (which they may do as eaſily as a *great Fly* thruſts in his Beak to draw his Blood; theſe little Worms having, I conclude, proportionably ſmaller and ſharper *Horns* than the grown Bot, which I could eaſily ſee with my naked Eye) and ſo they make their Way many of them to the *Maw*, the general Place of their Rendezvous. From thence many of them, poſſibly, are quickly caſt forth in an imperfect State and die; and thoſe that come to their Perfection (which, I conceive, is not 'till the Spring or Summer following) and are caſt forth with the Dung, creep a little Way into the Earth, and are transformed in a few Weeks, and come forth the *Flie abovementioned*. Which Fly has no longer Life but to lay its Eggs or Nits, and dies at the cold Weather. And thus is their Tranſmutation I conclude, from Year to Year, which is their ſucceſſive Generation. And thus their *Inſtinct* appears *wiſe* like that of other Animals.

As to the Difficulty which there may ſeem with reſpect to the Paſſage of theſe *Vermiculi* through the Skin or *Fleſh*, and membranous Parts and Coats of the Stomach,--- I will not promiſe to offer my Thoughts hereafter; but I ſhould look upon myſelf obliged to any Gentleman

Gentleman of a Philoſophical Genius to purſue the *Diſcovery*, or to ſuggeſt any more probable way of their coming to their Perfection; if the learned *Anatomiſts* ſhall think this improbable.

But the way to prevent their *Harm*, muſt be to kill thoſe *Flies* whenever you can, as you would a *Rattleſnake*. And at the Seaſon, which is the latter Part of Summer, when the Horſes are afflicted with them, to *rub off* the Nits frequently, as once a Week, *&c.* for I ſuppoſe they hatch in about a Fortnight, (if we may judge by Obſervation of ſome other *Oviparous Animal* Rules,) And this may eaſily be done with a blunt-edged Knife, or the Finger Nails, *&c.* -- I am perſuaded my Countrymen would find it well worth their Labour, in ſaving their Horſes from unknown Pains and Miſeries and often from Death.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

PARIS, April 24.

WHEN the Dauphin was taking the Air in the Park of Verſailles the 9th Inſtant, a Woman neatly dreſſed, whoſe Husband is a Priſoner for Debt, accoſted him with a Petition wrapp'd in a Caſe trimmed with ſilver Fringe, and prettily adorned with Beads and Bugles. When that Prince returned to the Caſtle, he delivered the Petition to the King, who thereupon granted the Woman's Requeſt.

May 11. We are told that our Ambaſſador at the Court of Spain, (the Count de Rottemberg) having in a free Converſation with the Catholick King, repreſented to him the Wrong that is like to be done to the two Crowns, by the laſt Treaty of Vienna; the King hearkened to the Ambaſſador's Propoſitions, and bid him write to his Nephew the King of France, to acquaint him that he ſhould do nothing upon that Subject without his Conſent. This Step (they ſay) has occaſioned a great Coldneſs between the King and Queen. It is even thought that notwithſtanding all the fine Diſcourſes we have ſeen in the Dutch Language, the Hollanders will not accede to the Treaty of Vienna till they ſee what Party Spain will take.

May 14. *N. S.* A Courier paſſed by yeſterday from Seville for the Imperial Court, and dropt us, among other News, an Account of his Catholick Majeſty's Health, which grows worſe daily; that he ſlept not above 1 Hour in 24. That one of his Legs was laid open for a Gangrene, which might paſs in a Moment to the other, and this was much feared by his Phyſicians. That the Queen uſed all her Arts to bring him to accede to the new Treaty, tho' in a ſofter and milder Manner than uſual; but this meets with more Difficulty, than was at firſt expected. We do not know what time the Count de Broglio will remain here; but he does not ſeem in haſte to return to England.

The late Duke of Ormond's Journey to Rome, as inſerted in the Dutch Papers, is contradicted; by Letters from Spain, it does not appear that any ſuch Reſolution was ever taken.

'Tis ſaid, there is no Appearance of this Court's coming into the Treaty of Vienna; and the Dutch are not yet come to their Ultimatum.

May 19. His Excellency the Count de Broglio prepares for his Departure, in order to return to his Embaſſy of Great Britain.

Amſterdam, April 6. Letters from Moſcow aſſure us, that a Treaty is concluded between the Courts of Ruſſia and Denmark, whereby the Paſſage of the Sound is allowed to the former, and the Ceremonial is likewiſe ſettled which the Ships of each Nation are to obſerve upon their meeting at Sea. From Stockholm, that the States of that Kingdom have reſolved upon a free Gift of 150,000 Rixdollars to defray the Expences of the King's intended Journey to Caſſel. From Copenhagen, that the Deputies of the City of Hambourg held a Conference with M. de Pleſſen, the King's Privy Counſellor, on the 20th paſt, wherein, 'tis ſaid, the Differences were amicably adjuſted. From Warſaw, that the Conferences held there between the Commiſſaries of the Republick and the foreign Miniſters are broke up unſucceſsfully; upon which the latter, with moſt of the Perſons of Diſtinction are gone to Dreſden to follow the Court

Milan, April 21. M. Guglielmi, who was ſent by the Pope to the Court of Turin, and has been here ſome time, is recalled, and ſet out on his return to Rome It was thought, that moſt of the Imperial Troops would have been ſent back to Hungary, upon the Signing of the new Treaty of Vienna: but we underſtand that Recruits are ordered hither from thence; ſo that we conclude the Emperor will wait the Acceſſion of the King of Spain before he leſſens his Army.

Rome, April 28. A Decree is affixed up in the uſual Places, whereby Cardinal Coſcia is deprived of his Eccleſiaſtical Honours and Revenues, and forbid to enter the Churches, &c. The Abbot Teſta, Maſter of his Eminency's Chamber, has diſmiſſed Part of his Domeſticks, but retains ſuch of them as are willing to take Half their Wages. The Cardinal's Head Coachman was committed to Priſon this Day; all his Eminency's Plate, and 150,000 Crowns in Bills, being found in his Cuſtody.

Leghorne, April 28. The Affairs of Corſica are in a melancholy Situation; the Garriſon of St. Fiorenzo has been obliged to ſubmit to the Rebels for want of Proviſions, who have ſince made themſelves Maſters of Morcella, and divided their Army into three Bodies, one whereof conſiſting of 10 or 12000 Men, lies encamped before Baſtia, whilſt the Governor is preparing to make a vigorous Defence, having demoliſhed ſeveral Houſes without the Town for that Purpoſe.

Vienna, May 5. Prince Eugene of Savoy is gone ſuddenly for Belgrade, to give proper Orders touching the Fortifications of that Place. The Troops in Italy which are to march into Hungary, conſiſt of 6000 Horſe and 8000 Foot. Some Advices from Conſtantinople alledge, that the depoſed Sultan was at the Bottom of the laſt Rebellion, and that he had privately engaged to give all the Slaves their Freedom who roſe in his Favour; that however the Attempt has miſcarried, the greateſt Part of the Rebells are maſſacred, and the depoſed Sultan put into cloſe Impriſonment. An Expreſs is arrived from Paris with Diſpatches touching the laſt Treaty, upon which a Report goes that France offers to accede upon certain Conditions.

Utrecht, May 7. They write from Paris, that a few Days ago four young Debauchees, after drinking hard, came to talk about the Government of France. The Wine had its Effect. They ſpoke all that an Imagination quick enough of itſelf, and heated by the Vapours of Wine could ſuggeſt. They rallied the Miniſters, and all the Principal Officers, without Reſerve, and with as much Freedom as if they had been *Engliſhmen*, and bewailed their dear Country, as if it was at the Brink of Deſtruction; in fine, one of them falling into a Sort of Enthuſiaſm, cry'd out; What a Diffe-

a Difference is there, O Heavens! between the Heroes of our Age, and the great Henry IV! Another reply'd, It is true; I am of Opinion, that we ſhould let Heaven know by a Letter how every thing is degenerated in this Age. The Advice was hearkened to, and unanimouſly approved; the young Libertines took Pen in Hand, and compoſed a Letter; but when it was finiſhed, they found themſelves under the ſame Dilemma as the Rats, who had reſolved to ſend an Embaſſy to the Cats; the Difficulty was, who ſhould be charged with the Meſſage. During this Embarraſſment, one propoſed to draw Lots who ſhould be the Bearer of the Letter. This Opinion pleaſed the Company, and it was reſolved to knock him in the Head on whom the Lot fell; but another leſs ſimple, or leſs drunk, propoſed to oblige the firſt they ſhould meet in the Street to ſend it. Our Debauchees going out with this Deſign, the firſt Perſon they met with was a Prieſt, who was carrying the Viaticum to a ſick Perſon. Ha! (ſaid one of the Company) our Affair goes well without Bloodſhed: We have nothing to do but to follow the Prieſt to the dying Perſon. All applauded this new Thought; they followed the Viaticum, entred the Sick Perſons Chamber with an Air of Devotion, and all were edified with the ſeeming Piety of the four young Men: But as ſoon as the Prieſt was gone out, they drew out the Letter, and ſmearing it with Sweetmeats, which lay on the Table, under Pretence of giving ſomething comfortable to the poor ſick Perſon, they made him ſwallow the fatal Letter, which haſtened for ſome Moments ſooner, his Journey to the other World; but they are ſtill in this to anſwer for it.

The Sieur de la Motte, underwent, the 25th paſt, the Torture of eight Pots of Water, which he ſwallowed with heroick Conſtancy, without confeſſing any thing, after having anſwered the Preliminary Interrogatories with a Cynical Boldneſs. The Judge asked him, if he had not had ſome Concern with La Bruin, Widow of a Coffeeman, whom he was accuſed of having murdered, he anſwer'd, *Sir, She was not handſome enough for that; beſides, if I had killed all the Husbands whom I have made* C---s, *I ſhould have enriched the Undertakers of Funerals.* This Gaſconade, ſo little expected, added to ſeveral other merry Expreſſions, aſtoniſhed the Judge, a Magiſtrate of ſingular Modeſty. It is true, that while they were making him ſwallow the Water, this Man, ſo talkative, and ſo formidable to married Men, had his Babbling well ſtopt; but after undergoing the Torture, he ſaid, with a faint Voice, *Alas! Is it poſſible that an honeſt Man ſhould be ſo ill treated?*

LONDON,

May 8. Laſt Thurſday, in the Room were the Royal Society aſſemble, was poſted up in the uſual Manner, the Name of William Fellows, Eſq; of Lincoln's-Inn, as Candidate, to be a Fellow, recommended by Dr. Wilmot, Dr. Nicolls, and Mr. Abr. de Moivre. At the ſame Time was read by the learned Dr. Mortimer, the Secretary, an Eſſay towards the Diſcovery of the Longitude (the Labour of that great Ornament of his Age and Nation, Dr Edmund Halley) which was greatly applauded, and the Scheme being much the moſt feaſible of any yet ever propoſed, is brought already to ſo unexpected a Perfection, that the Diſcoverer is thought to be entitled to no ſmall Share of the Reward given by our Parliament, as well as thoſe propoſed by foreign Nations.

May 13. Yeſterday about Ten o'Clock their Majeſties went from St. James to Richmond, and the Prince, and the three eldeſt Princeſſes to Kew.

Their Majeſties will ſtay but three Weeks at Richmond, and then remove to Hampton Court, where they will Dine in Publick every Sunday and Thurſday.

On Saturday next Kerr's and Honywood's Regiments of Dragoons are to be Reviewed by the whole Royal Family on Hounſlow Heath.

We hear that the Honourable Sir Charles Wager will command a Fleet of Ships that are going to Gibraltar, and that he intends to hoiſt his Flag on board the Cornwall a Third Rate.

This Day there will be a Board of Admiralty, when it is expected ſeveral Men of War will be put in Commiſſion.

May 15 'Tis ſaid his Majeſty with the Prince of Wales will take a Tour ſpeedily to the Weſt of England.

We hear that the Earl of Waldegrave is hourly expected from Paris.

A few Days ago the Lord Polwarth, eldeſt Son and Heir to the Earl of Marchmont, was married to Miſs Weſton, a Merchant's Daughter in Biſhopſgate-ſtreet, a young Lady of 30,000 l. Fortune.

Letters from Madrid ſay, that the Duke of Wharton died there after a few Days Illneſs.

Extract of a Letter from Cape-Coaſt-Caſtle, *dated* Dec. 17.

The Antonia, Capt. Crawford of Glaſgow, was on the 8th Inſtant at Succonde (her 2d Mate and two Sailors having died ſome time before) having on board 136 Negroes, 216 Ounces of Gold, 3900 l. Weight of Elephant's Teeth, and about 300 l. worth of her European Cargo. Capt. Crawford was on Shore procuring Wood and Water, and ſent off the Long-boat to the Ship with Corn, being to depart in a Week; but when ſhe got near the Ship, they found the Negroes in Poſſeſſion of her, who fired at the Boat; the Carpenter and a Sailor jump'd over board into the Yaul, which was a-Stern of the Ship, and from thence got to the Boat, and informed the Sailors in her, that the Negroes had killed their Mate Mr. Colhoun, and the other Hands on board. The Negroes ſoon got the Ship under Sail, on which the Captain in the Yaul, and a great Number of the Natives in Canoes purſued her, and twice attempted to board her, but were repulſed. So returning (directly to Elmina the chief Dutch Factory) they ordered a Ship of 30 Guns to follow and endeavour to bring her back; but after three Days fruitleſs Search, ſhe returned. They have not yet been heard of, and 'tis believed, they could never reach the Shore, and having very little Water on board, no doubt they ſoon periſhed.

Laſt Week Capt. Lamb, late Factor for the Royal African Company at Jacquin on the Coaſt of Guinea, went to Court with *Adomo Oroonoko Tomo*, who was ſent with him to ſee the King and Kingdom of Great Britain, by the Grand *Trudo Audato Poveſaw Dangerenjo Suweveto Ene Mottee Addee Powa Powlo Co Hullo Necreſy*, King of *Dawhomay*, and Emperor of *Pawpaw*, who lately conquered the Great Kingdoms of Ardah and Widah; and delivered the ſaid Emperor's Letter to his Majeſty, which he graciouſly received. Capt. Lamb was taken a Captive at the Conqueſt of Ardah, and carried ſeveral Hundred Miles Inland to the beforementioned Emperor, who never having ſeen a white Perſon before, uſed him very well, and during the Time he was there (which was ſome Years) allowed him a Houſe and above 20 Servants, and ſhewed him very great Kindneſs; inſomuch that he would not ſuffer him to come home but upon Condition of his returning to him again, which we hear Mr. Lamb is now preparing to do.

Yeſterday a Gentleman preſented St. Bartholomew's Hoſpital with a Bank Note of 500 l.

May 22. On Tueſday next is to be baptized, at the Seat of his Grace the Duke of Chandos at Edgworth, Adomo Oronooko Tomo, who is ſent to ſee the King and Kingdom of Great Britain by the Great Trudo Audato, &c. King of Dawhomay and Emperor of Pawpaw in Africa.

Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Mary is ſlightly indiſpoſed with a Cold.

DUBLIN, *April* 24.

We are credibly informed, that one William Peters was laſt Aſſizes held at the Naas, in the County of Kildare, convicted for Horſe-ſtealing, and executed with two others condemned at the ſaid Aſſizes; but the ſaid Peters, by ſome Means or other, recovered, tho' he had hung a conſiderable Time time longer than was uſual, and was three or four Days afterwards diſcovered by the Sub-Sheriff and his Servant, as he was going to his Friends in the Queen's County, and carried back again to Goal. He has ſince been reprieved by the Government.

May 1. Yeſterday at a General Aſſembly held at the Tholſel of this City, Mr. Joſeph Nuttal, Banker, was elected Lord Mayor, and Mr. George Tucker, Merchant, and Mr. Edward Dudgeon, Brewer, Sheriffs for the Year enſuing.

NEW-YORK, *Auguſt* 2.

Yeſterday arrived the Ship Succeſſion, Capt. Thomas in ſeven Weeks from Lisbon, and brings Advice that the Court of Spain have acceded to and ſigned the Treaty of Vienna, and that it is certainly Peace, and that we may depend upon this News for true; I am told there is one or more Letters in Town from a Merchant of Reputation, in Lisbon who writes to the ſame Purport. Capt. Thomas ſailed from Lisbon the 14th of June, Old Stile.

Custom-House, New-York, August 2. *Inward Entries.*
Schermerhorn from Boston, Todd from Turks-Island, Wells from Bermuda, Murrey from Maryland, Wolf, Hill and Kip from Jamaica, Crawford from Rhode-Island, Martin from Barbadoes, Sharples from Nevis, Clarke from Newcastle on Delaware. *Entred out*, Murrey for Maryland, Ball for Perth-Amboy, Schermerhorn for Boston, Fitch and Todd for Jamaica *Cleared out*, Catlin to Curacoa, Smith to Barbadoes, Murrey to Maryland.

PHILADELPHIA, *August 5.*

Friday last Mr Read's Mare *Polley*, and Mr. Chancellor's Horse *Now or Never*, ran on Passayunck Road for Twenty Pounds a Side, which was won by the former.

Custom-House, Philadelphia, Entred inwards.
Ship Tryall, Samuel Bicknel, from Lisbon.
Brigt. Warren, Thomas Ramsey, from Antigua.
Sloop Hester and Jane, Robert Trail, from North-Carolina.
------ Trueman, John Cox, from Jamaica.

Entred outwards.
Ship Three Batchelors, William Spafford, for Jamaica.
Brigt. John and William, William Hellier, for Bristol.
Sloop Sea Nymph, Thomas Gilbert, for Antigua.

Cleared out,
Ship John Galley, John Ball, to London.
Brig. Peggy, Ellis Davis, to Madeira.
Snow Catherine and Mary, Thomas Bourne, to Virginia.
Sloop Happy, Joseph Wheldon, to Newcastle.
------ Swallow, John Roach, to South-Carolina.

Buried in the several Burying-Grounds of this City in a Week past

Church - - - - -	1.	Baptists - - - - - - - - - -	0.
Quakers - - - -	0.	Strangers Whites - - -	0.
Presbyterians - -	0.	Strangers Blacks - - -	0.

Advertisements.

NEAR the upper End of *Third Street*, *Philadelphia*, still continues to be made and sold the whitest STARCH (as by Proof may readily appear) Where Merchants, Shopkeepers and others, may be supplied at 1*l.* 16*s* per Hund. or 4*s.* 6*d.* per Doz. well dryed and carefully packed, so as to keep its due Colour and Form to the *West-Indies* or elsewhere, by

John Clifton.

RUN away on the 28th of *July* past, from the Widow *Wragg* of *Philadelphia*, a Servant Man named *John Harding*, (but sometimes changes his Name) by Trade a Butcher, aged about 30 Years, of small Stature, black Complexion, and short black Hair. Had on when he went away, ozenbrigs Breeches, Cotton and Linen Shirt, an old Felt Hat, a leather Belt about him, and an Apron. Whoever secures the said Servant, so that his Mistress may have him again, shall have *Twenty Shillings* Reward, and all reasonable Charges paid, by *Mary Wragg*.

WHEREAS a Bill was pass'd in a Session of General Assembly held at *New-Castle*, for the Counties of *New Castle*, *Kent*, and *Sussex* upon *Delaware*, in the Year 1723, intituled, *An Act for the Emission of* 6000 l. *in Bills of Credit*, which will expire on the 2d of *November* next: These are to desire all Persons who are possessed of any of the said Bills, that they will take care to pay in the same during the Terms abovementioned, either at the respective Loan Offices for the said Counties (where they will be exchanged for Bills of new Currency) or otherwise, at their Discretion, within the said Counties, that the same may be destroy'd in due time, according to the Tenor of the Acts aforesaid. *Published by Order of the Assembly for the said Counties, by* H. BROOKE, *Speaker.*

LAtely Imported a fresh Parcel of very good CLOVER-SEED, to be sold by

White and *Taylor.*

GEORGE MEGEE, Nailer,

AT the Corner of Front-street, in Arch-street, by the Arch-Wharff; Maketh and selleth all Sorts of Nails, *viz.* All Sorts of Deck Nails, Two Shilling, Double Tens, Single Tens, all Sorts of Shingle Nails, by Wholesale or Retale, at reasonable Rates.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen *ANNE*, entituled, *An Act for establishing a General Post-Office for all her Majesty's Dominions*, &c. it is among other Things enacted, That all Masters of Vessels, Sailors and Passengers, shall immediately upon their Arrival in any Port, deliver the Letters and Pacquets on board to the Post-Master, or his Deputy, under the Penalty of *Five Pounds, British Money*, for every several Offence.

And whereas by the same Act it is also Enacted, That if any Master, Sailor or Passenger on board any Boat or Vessel, passing or repassing, on any River or Rivers, in any of her Majesty's Dominions, shall or do collect, carry or deliver any Letters or Pacquets, he or they shall forfeit and pay *Five Pounds*, British Money, for every several Offence, *One Hundred Pounds* of like British Money, for every Week he or they shall continue to carry or deliver any Letters or Pacquets, as aforesaid.

This is therefore to give Notice to all Masters of Vessels, Sailors, Passengers, and others whom it may concern, That they be careful not to offend against the aforesaid Act of Parliament, upon Pain of being prosecuted for the several Penalties therein mentioned, pursuant to the Orders and Instructions of his Majesty's Post Master General, to the Post-Master of *Philadelphia*.

Fine STARCH, and STARCH-POWDER,

MADE after the English Manner; the Powder scented or unscented, and neatly put up in Pound, Half and Quarter Pound Papers, fit for Shopkeepers to retail out: Sold by the Maker, *Nathaniel Palmer*, in *Walnut street, Philadelphia*. Merchants may have it put up after such a Manner, that it will not in the least break, or moulter to Dust, which is what too frequently happens to Starch, especially that made in this Country.

For BRISTOL Directly

THE *Bristol Merchant, Joseph Maynard*, Commander, is ready to take in Goods, and will sail with all convenient speed: Any Persons that have a Mind to transport themselves, will meet with good Accommodations fit for Passengers; or any that have a Mind to freight Goods on the said Ship, may agree with *Simon Edgell*, or the Commander at *William Fishbourn*'s Wharf.

N. B. All Persons indebted to *William Champion*, are desired to settle their Accounts, and pay the Balance, or they may expect Trouble from his Attornies

Simon Edgell and *David Bush.*

To be SOLD,

The following PLANTATIONS, *viz.*

1. ONE on *Christiana* Creek, formerly *Howel James's*, Quantity 250 Acres, on which is a Dwelling-House, Out-Houses, Orchard, and a considerable Quantity of Meadow, and clear'd Land within Fence.

2. The Plantation late ---- *Nicols's*, Quantity 370 Acres, on which are good Conveniences for making Meadow.

3. The Plantation and Grist Mill, late *John Kyle's*, on the said Creek, Quantity 200 Acres; on which are, beside the said Mill, a Dwelling-House, Barn, Out-Houses, Orchyard, and very good Meadow Ground.

The said Plantations to be sold separately by Vendue, on the third Tuesday in *August* in the Town of *New-Castle*. The Conditions of Sale are, Ready Money, or Security to Satisfaction, with Payment of Interest for 12 Months, to *John England*, of *Principio* in *Maryland*.

GOOD WRITING-PARCHMENT

Sold by the Printer hereof, very reasonable.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by *B. Franklin* and *H. Meredith*, at the *New Printing-Office* near the Market, where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper, at *Ten Shillings* a Year.